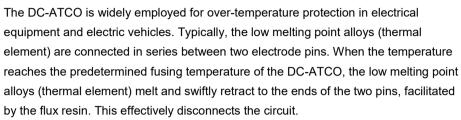




#### **Description**

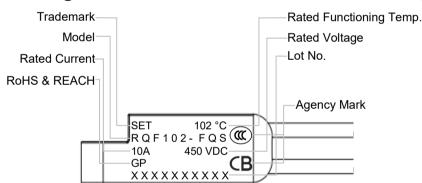
The Direct Current Thermal-Link Alloy Type (DC-ATCO) is a thermal-link that utilizes low melting point alloys, known as the thermal element, which fuse when heated to a specific fusing temperature. This allows for controlled circuit disconnection. The DC-ATCO is composed of various components, including a case, filler material, a fuse, flux resin, the low melting point alloys (thermal element), electrode, sealant and straned conductor.



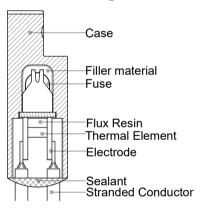
The SETsafe | SETfuse Direct Current Thermal-Link (Alloy Type) is available in axial and radial shapes, with a rated functioning temperature ranging from 86 °C to 187 °C, rated current 10 A, rated voltage 450 VDC. Additionally, it holds CCC and CB Approvals, and is compliant with RoHS and REACH regulations.

#### Marking

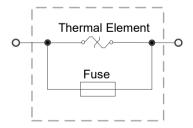
SET 10 NOTE OF THE PROPERTY OF



#### **Structure Diagram**



#### **Product Schematic**



#### **Agency Information**

Agency Symbol	Standards	The File No. and certification No. obtained by SETsafe   SETfuse
CB	IEC 60691-2015	CN59823
<b>(W)</b>	GB 9816.1-2013	2023000205000006

#### **Features**

- 0 to 450 VDC Operating Voltage
- High Accuracy of Functioning Temp.
- Ceramic Case
- Non-Resettable
- RoHS & REACH Compliant

## **Applications**

- Battery Cooling Heaters
- Air-Conditioners Heaters
- Pre-charged Resistors
- High Power LED

#### Customization

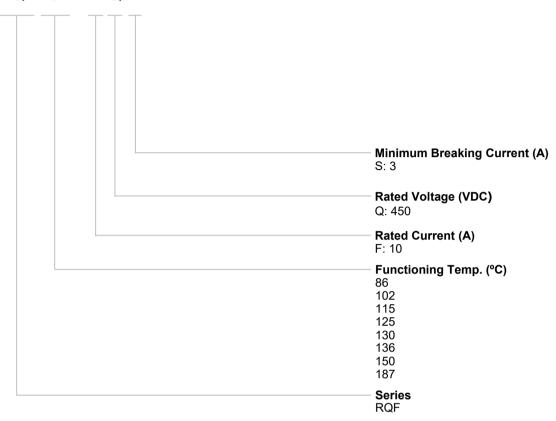
- Rated Functioning Temp.
- Stranded Conductor Size



**RQF Series** 

#### **Part Number System**

**RQF102 - FQS** 

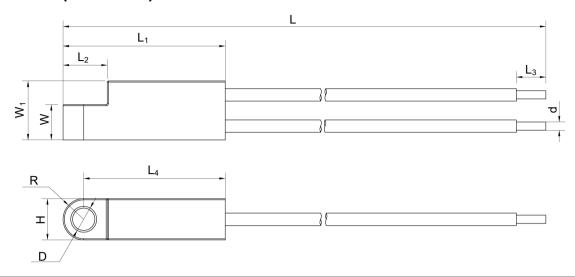


#### Reminder:

Part numbering system in the datasheet is only for selecting correct parameter and product features. Before placing order, please contact us for specifications and use the part number and product code in the specifications to place order to ensure the part is correct. Product code is the unique indentification.

**RQF Series** 

# **Dimensions (Unit: mm)**



L	L <sub>1</sub>	$L_2$	L <sub>3</sub>	L <sub>4</sub>	W	W <sub>1</sub>	Н	R	D	d	
127.5 ± 5.0	27.5 ± 1.0	7.5 ± 0.5	5.0 ± 0.5	24.0 ± 1.0	6.0 ± 0.5	10.0 ± 0.5	7.0 ± 0.5	3.5 ± 0.2	3.8 ± 0.2	AWG16	

# **Specifications**

(7 <sub>f</sub> ) °C		Model	<i>I</i> <sub>r</sub> (A)	U <sub>r</sub>	Rated Functioning Temp.	T <sub>h</sub>	T <sub>m</sub>	J <sub>min</sub>	СВ	©CCC	RoHS REACH
			(7.1)	20 (1)	( -)	( • )	( )	(,,			
	187	RQF187-FQS	10	450	182 +5	155	250	3	0	0	•
Temp.	150	RQF150-FQS	10	450	146 ± 3	115	250	3	0	0	•
	136	RQF136-FQS	10	450	131 ± 3	100	250	3	0	0	•
ion	130	RQF130-FQS	10	450	126 ± 3	95	250	3	0	0	•
Functioning	125	RQF125-FQS	10	450	122 ± 3	85	250	3	0	0	•
	115	RQF115-FQS	10	450	112 ± 3	85	250	3	0	0	•
Rated	102	RQF102-FQS	10	450	99 +5	75	250	3	•	•	•
4	86	RQF86-FQS	10	450	81 ± 3	45	250	3	0	0	•

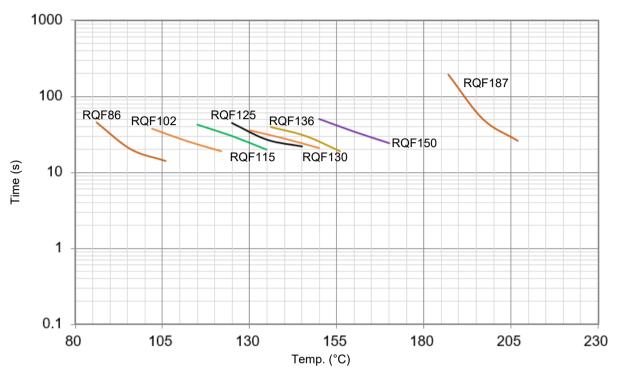
#### Note:

- 1. "●" Means certificated, "○" Means non-certificated.
- 2. RoHS & REACH Comply.



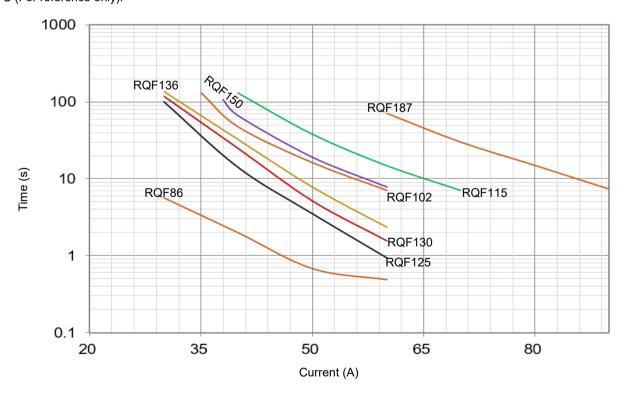
#### **Temp.-Time Curve**

The functioning temperature time curve of Alloy Thermal-Link in different Temp. oil bath (For reference only).



#### **Current-Time Curve**

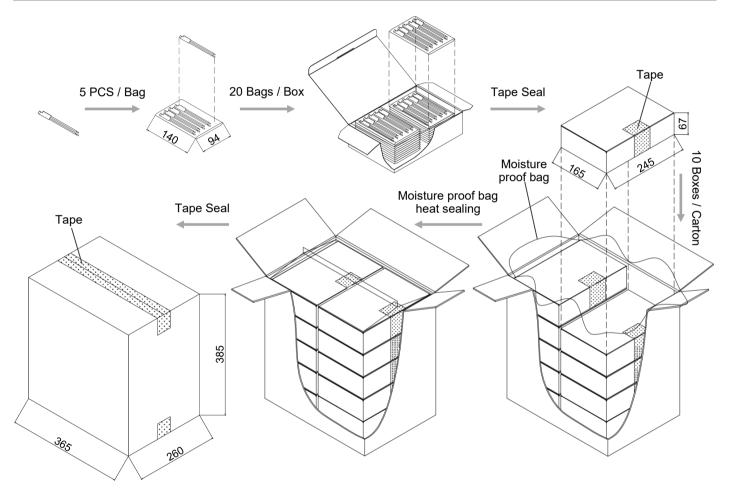
This is an illustrated curve, describing the opening time at Multi-times rated current in the condition of the room Temp. 25 °C (For reference only).





# **Packaging Information**

Item	PE Bag	Вох	Carton
Dimensions (mm)	140 x 94	245 x 165 x 67	365 x 260 x 385
Quantity (PCS)	5	100	1000
Gross Weight (kg)			10 ± 10%





# **DC-ATCO** Direct Current Thermal-Link (Alloy Type)

# Glossary

Item	Description
DC-ATCO	DC-Alloy Thermal-Link DC-Alloy type Thermal-Link, Alloy is thermal element.
T <sub>f</sub>	Rated Functioning Temp.  The temperature of the Thermal-Link which causes it to change the state of conductivity with a detection current up to 10 mA as the only load.  Tolerance: $T_f$ (0 / -10) °C (GB 9816, EN 60691, K60691).  Tolerance: $T_f \pm 7$ °C (J60691).
Fusing Temp.	Fusing Temp.  The temperature of the Alloy Thermal-Link which causes it to change its state of conductivity is measured with silicone oil bath in which the temperature is increased at the rate of 0.5 °C to 1 °C / minute, with a detection current up to 10 mA as the only load.
T <sub>h</sub>	Holding Temp.  The Maximum temperature at which a Thermal-Link will not change its state of conductivity when conducting rated current for 168 hours.
T <sub>m</sub>	Maximum Temp. Limit  The temperature of the Thermal-Link stated by the manufacturer, up to which the mechanical and electrical properties of the Thermal-Link having changed its state of conductivity, will not be impaired for a given time.
<b>I</b> <sub>min</sub>	Minimum Breaking Current  The minimum current that Fuse requires after the Alloy of Thermal-Link opens in the circuit.
I <sub>r</sub>	Rated Current The current used to classify a Thermal-Link, which is the maximum current that Thermal-Link allows to carry and is able to cut off the circuit safely.
<b>U</b> r	Rated Voltage  The voltage used to classify a Thermal-Link, which is the maximum voltage that Thermal-link allows to carry and is able to cut off the circuit safely.



# **ATTENTION**

#### Usage

- 1. When atmosphere pressure is from 80 kPa to 106 kPa, the related altitude shall be from -500 m to 2000 m.
- 2. Operating voltage less than rated voltage of DC-ATCO, operating current less than rated current of DC-ATCO.
- 3. Do not touch the DC-ATCO body or lead wires directly when power is on, to avoid burn or electric shock.

#### Replacement

DC-ATCO is a non-repairable product. For safety sake, it shall be replaced by an equivalent DC-ATCO from the same manufacturer, and mounted in the same way.

#### Storage

Do not store the DC-ATCO at the high temp., high humidity or corrosive gas environment. The product shall be stored at 25 ± 5 °C and ≤ 70% RH, avoid direct sunlight and shall use them up within 1 year after receiving the goods.

#### Installation

Make Sure the Temp. of Installation Position

- 1. It is recommended that a dummy DC-ATCO with inbuilt thermo-couple shall be used to determine the proper temp.
- 2. he terminal product should be tested to ensure that potential abnormal conditions do not cause ambient temp. to exceed the  $T_{\rm m}$  of the DC-ATCO.
- 3. Mount the DC-ATCO at the location where temp. rises evenly.

Installation position of mechanical performance requirements

- 1. Ensure that the lead wire is long enough, and avoid actions such as press, tensile or twist.
- 2. The seal or body of DC-ATCO must not be damaged, burned or over heated.



#### **Mechanical Connection**

#### Riveting

- 1. Choose small resistivity riveting material and be riveted.
- 2. A flexible lead or lead with low resistance should be used to rivet the DC-ATCO.
- 3. Contact resistance should be minimal, Large contact resistance will lead to higher temp., DC-ATCO Functioning in advance.

#### Soldering

#### Hand-Soldering

- 1. Soldering should be carried out according to Table T-1.
- 2. The thermal element of DC-ATCO is thermal element with low melting point, which is jointed with DC-ATCO lead wires. Improper soldering operation (too high soldering temp., too long soldering time, too short lead wire etc.) may transfer more heat to the thermal element and DC-ATCO may open in advance.
- 3. When soldering conditions are more severe than those listed in Table T-1, a heat sink fixture should be used between soldering point and DC-ATCO body.
- 4. When soldering, please do not pull / push or twist DC-ATCO body or lead wires.
- 5. After soldering, let it naturally cool for longer than 20 seconds. During cooling, never move the DC-ATCO body or lead wires.

TABLE T-1 Hand-Soldering Time

Datad		Max. Allowable		Fime for Different Lea (Fig.H-1)	ad Wire Ler	ngth	
Rated Functioning Temp.		Time		Time		Time	Max. Soldering Temp.
$(T_{\mathrm{f}})$	Length	Tinned Copper Wire	Length	Tinned Copper Wire	Length	Tinned Copper Wire	тетр.
(°C)	(mm)	(s)	(mm)	(s)	(mm)	(s)	(°C)
76 ~ 101	10	1 <sup>a</sup>	20	2	30	3	
102 ~ 115	10	1 <sup>a</sup>	20	2	30	3	
116 ~ 135	10	1 <sup>a</sup>	20	3	30	5	400
136 ~ 150	10	3	20	5	30	5	
151 ~ 230	10	4	20	6	30	7	

a: Auxiliary heat sink fixture is required to avoid DC-ATCO cutting off unexpectedly.

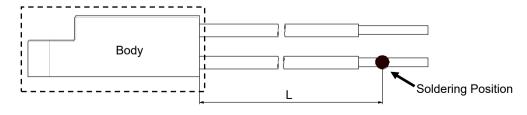


FIGURE T-1

**RQF** Series

#### **Lead Wire Forming**

- 1. If lead wire has to be bent, please pay attention to the distance between body and bending point. Refer to Table T-3.
- 2. When bending leads, please use pincher or similar tools to fix the product as shown in Figure T-2 to avoid damaging the product.
- 3. During forming and mounting, lead wire should not be cut, nicked, bent sharply, to avoid breaking the product.
- 4. Tangential forces on the leads must be avoided (i.e. pushing or pulling on the leads at angle to DC-ATCO body) as such forces may damage the seal of DC-ATCO.
- 5. Bending radius R: ≥ 15 d, as shown in Figure T-2.

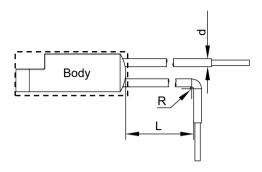


FIGURE T-2

#### TABLE T-3 Distance between Body and Bending Point

	d	(mm)	< 1.0	1.0 to 1.2	> 1.2
Lead Wire	L	(mm)	≥ 3	≥ 5	≥ 10

10

DC-ATCO

Direct Current Thermal-Link (Alloy Type)

Ur (VA	oltage AC)* oltage	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							© 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
ated Co	DC)^	850		600			00		 50	400	1
<b>]</b> r (4	<b>A</b> )	15	30	25	15	30	15	15	10	20	t
	76		0			AINLOO-LINA		0	0		
	86					ARL86-LRA^		TG86C-HQZ^	RQF86-FQS^		
	97 93	0	0								1
	102	TGH102-HVS^	ASL102A-LSF^	RSK102A-KSS^	RVH102-HSF <sup>^</sup>	ARL102-LRA^	RPK102-HRZ^	TG102C-HQZ^	RQF102-FQS^	TG102C-JPZ^	
a	105	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
ָט ע	115	TGH115-HVS^	ASL115A-LSF <sup>^</sup>	RSK115A-KSS <sup>^</sup>	RVH115-HSF <sup>^</sup>	ARL115-LRA^	RPK115-HRZ <sup>^</sup>	TG115C-HQZ <sup>^</sup>	RQF115-FQS^	TG115C-JPZ <sup>^</sup>	I
Rated Functioning Temp. (7:1)	120	0	0								4
5	123	0	0								ı
3	125	TGH125-HVS^	ASL125A-LSF^	RSK125A-KSS <sup>^</sup>	RVH125-HSF <sup>^</sup>	ARL125-LRA^	RPK125-HRZ <sup>^</sup>	TG125C-HQZ <sup>^</sup>	RQF125-FQS^	TG125C-JPZ^	1
5	130	TGH130-HVS^			RVH130-HSF <sup>^</sup>				RQF130-FQS^		
	133	0	0								1
_	135	0	0								1
E	136	TGH136-HVS^	ASL136A-LSF^	RSK136A-KSS <sup>^</sup>	RVH136-HSF <sup>^</sup>	ARL136-LRA^	RPK136-HRZ <sup>^</sup>	TG136C-HQZ <sup>^</sup>	RQF136-FQS^	TG136C-JPZ^	ı
<u>.</u>	139	0	0								1
	145	0	0	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	ı
-	150	TGH150-HVS^	ASL150A-LSF^	RSK150A-KSS^	RVH150-HSF^	ARL150-LRA^	RPK150-HRZ^	TG150C-HQZ^	RQF150-FQS^	TG150C-JPZ^	1
)	187 160	TGH187-HVS <sup>^</sup>	ASL187A-LSF^	RSK187A-KSS <sup>^</sup>	RVH187-HSF <sup>^</sup>	ARL187-LRA^			RQF187-FQS^		ı
	200	O TOULOZ UNIOA	0	0	0	0			0		1
	205	0	0								ı
	221	0	0								4
	230	0	0								4

Product tructure												
J <sub>r</sub> (VAC)* ated Voltage	60	00	0	0	690	50	00	0			)	
ated Current  (VDC)^ ated Voltage		)	400		200			180		12	 25	
Ir (A)	20	15	10	15	15	10	5	60	20	15 16	10	25
76(		1 G00C-H3Z	KPF00-FPF"									
93 86	0	TG86C-HSZ*	RPF86-FPF^									
97	0											
102	TG102C-JSZ*							ALP102-PLZ^	QD102^	PD102^	TD102^	SD102^
105	0							0	0	0	0	0
115	TG115C-JSZ*			ALP115-HLZ^					QD115^	PD115^	TD115^	SD115^
187 160 150 145 139 136 135 133 130 125 123 120 105 105	0											
123	0											
125	TG125C-JSZ*				HN125^*	HP125^*	HS125^*	ALP125-PLZ^	QD125^	PD125^	TD125^	SD125^
130	0								QD130^	PD130^	TD130^	SD130^
133	0											
135	0											
136	TG136C-JSZ*				HN136^*	HP136^*	HS136^*		QD136^	PD136^	TD136^	SD136^
139	0											
145	0				0	0	0		0	0	0	0
150	TG150C-JSZ*				HN150^*	HP150^*	HS150^*		QD150^	PD150^	TD150^	SD150^
160	0											
200	0											
205	0											
221	0											
230	0											

	4													/	<b>^</b>
	230	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ADN230B-NEZ	
	221	0													
	205	0													
	200	0													
O	187	0													
0	160	0													
F	150	0										S150^	T150^		
	145	0													
μ	139	0													
<u>ē</u>	136	Q136^*	Q136*	Q136*	P136^*	P136*	P136*	TB136-UHZ^	TB136-UJZ*	TS136-RHZ <sup>^</sup>	TS136-RJZ*	S136^	T136^		
6	135	0													Model
Ξ.	133	0													
ou	130	0						TB130-UHZ^	TB130-UJZ*						<u>e</u>
ij	125	Q125^*			P125^*			TB125-UHZ^	TB125-UJZ*	TS125-RHZ <sup>^</sup>	TS125-RJZ*				
Ĕ	123	0													
屲	120	0													
po	115	Q115^*	Q115*	Q115*	P115^*	P115*	P115*	TB115-UHZ^	TB115-UJZ*	TS115-RHZ <sup>^</sup>	TS115-RJZ*	S115^	T115^		
Rated Functioning Temp. (T.) °C	105	0													
œ	102	Q102^*			P102^*	P102*	P102*	TB102-UHZ^	TB102-UJZ*	TS102-RHZ <sup>^</sup>	TS102-RJZ*	S102 <sup>^</sup>	T102^		
	97	0													
	93	0													
	86	0													
	76(	) 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<b>/</b> r ( <i>I</i> Rated C	A) current		25			20		20	00	10	00	10	15 16	50	
<b>U</b> <sub>r</sub> (VI Rated V	DC)^			12	20			100		100		1	00	60	
<b>U</b> <sub>r</sub> (V <sub>r</sub> Rated V		400	300	250	400	300	250	0	125	0	125		0	0	
Proc Struc	duct cture								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•				
		I						Radial Shap	е					Axial Shape	I

Produ Struct									□는	<b>—</b> (		<u></u>												
Ur (VAC	C)*	250	0	250			0			250		· · · · ·		2	50	0	2	50	125		0		250	
ated Cur U <sub>r</sub> (VDC ated Vol	C)^	<del> </del>		L:									60				L							
<b>/</b> r (A)			5	1		9	8.5	8	6		5		4		3	2.5	2			4		3	2	1
	86 76	R18^*		U18^*					C18^							V18^					F18^	X18^* X0*	K18^*	F18*
	93	0		0					0							0					C 5400	O	0	O E40*
	97	0																						
•	102	R1^*		U1^*																	F1^	X1^*	K1^*	F1*
	105	0																						
5	115	R2^*		U2^*				C2^				V2^		SF2 <sup>^</sup>							F2^	X2^*	K2^*	F2*
	120	0																						
	123	0																						
	125	R3^*		U3^*								0					H3^*					X3^*	K3^*	F3*
	130	R4^*		U4^*								V4^		SF4^							F4^	X4*	K4*	F4*
ח	133	0		0								V8^		SF8^							F8^	X8*	K8*	F8*
-	135	R5^*		U5^*									79.							0		X5*	K5*	
	139 136	0	CR13^			M13^	C13^				SF13^	V13^	×9^							О К9^	F13^	X9*	K9*	F13*
5	145	R6^*	0	U6^*	C6^	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X6^	0	0		0	0	0	K6^	F6^	X6*	K6*	F6*
	150	R7^*		U7^*																		X7*	K7*	F7*
	160	R16^*		U16^*						C16^*							H16^*	V16^*				X16^*	K16^*	F16*
	187	0																				X17^*	K17^*	
	200	0		0						0					0		0	0	0			0	0	
	205	R32^*		U32^*						C32^*					B32^*		H32^*	V32^*	V32*			X32*	K32*	
	221	R31^*		U31^*						C31^*					B31^*		H31^*	V31^*	V31*			X31*	K31*	

# **RQF Series**

Prod truc	uct ture					С	→—(		D	⊐						
U <sub>r</sub> (VA	AC)* oltage	2	50	0	250	125	250	125	250	125	250	125			0	
<b>J</b> r(VE	)C)^		60					50					49	4	8	24
r (A	() urrent	3	2	7	;	5	3			2		1	50	55	50	80
	76	XG0*	KG0*		C0*	0	B0^*	B0*	H0^*	H0*	V0^*	V0*				
	86	XG18^*	KG18^*		C18^*	C18*	B18^*	B18*	H18^*	H18*	V18^*	V18*				
	97	0				C21^*		B21^*		H21^*		V21^*				
-	102 97	XG1^*	KG1^*		C1^*	C1*	B1^*	B1*	H1^*	H1*	V1^*	V1*				
a	105	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ָט ב	115	XG2^*	KG2^*	C2^	C2*		B2^*		H2^*		V2^*					
Ĺ	120	0														
	123	0														
Ę	125	XG3^*	KG3^*	C3^	C3*		B3^*				V3^*					
	130	XG4*	KG4*	C4^	C4*		B4^*		H4^*		V4^*					
5) =	133	XG8*	KG8*	C8^	C8*		B8^*		H8^*		V8^*					
Kated Functioning lemp. ( $t_i$ ) $^{\circ}$	135	XG5*	KG5*	C5^	C5*		B5^*		H5^*		V5^*					
<b>E</b>	136	XG9*	KG9*	C13^	C13*		B13^*		H9^*		V13/**					
<u>.</u>	145 139	XG6*	KG6*	C6^ C13^	C6*		B6^* B13^*		H6^* H13^*		V6^* V13^*					
	150	XG7*	KG7*	C7^	C7*		B7^*		H7^*		V7^*					
	160	XG16*	KG16*				B16*									
)	187	0														
	200	0														
	205	XG32*	KG32*			C33*		B32*		H32*						
	221	XG31*	KG31*			C31*		B31*		H31*			0	0	ADN205B-NDZ^	0
	230	0											ADN230B-NDZ^	ADN230B-PDZ^		ADN230B-QBZ^